**Fertilizer Plants Located in Punjab**

3665. SHRI IQBAL SINGH: Will the Minister of CHEMICALS AND FERTILIZERS be pleased to state:

(a) the details of fertilizer plants located in Punjab;

(b) whether the plants set-up in the State are under the Central Government or in the Private Sector;

(c) the names of specific fertilizers being produced in the State;

(d) the details of new fertilizer plants established in the State with Central assistance during the last three years; and

(e) the action being taken or proposed to be taken by Government in this respect?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF CHEMICALS AND FERTILIZERS (SHRI SHEES RAM OLA): (a) to (c) The details of fertilizer plants located in Punjab are given below:

| Sr. No. | Name of the Company/ Plant | Location | Product | Sector |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1. | National Fertilizers Ltd. | Nangal | CAN | Central Govt. |
| 2. | National Fertilizers Ltd. | Nangal | Urea | -do- |
| 3. | National Fertilizers Ltd. | Bhatinda | Urea | -do- |
| 4. | Punjab National Fertilizers | Naya Nangal | A/C | Private Sector |
| 5. | Agro. Chem. Punjab Ltd. | Singhpura | SSP | -do- |
| 6. | Munak Chemicals | Bhatinda | SSP | -do- |
| 7. | SFL Industries | Rail Majra | SSP | -do- |
| 8. | Varindar Agro Chem. Ltd. | Sanghera | SSP | -do- |
| 9. | HSB Fertilizer Ltd. | Shahpur | SSP | -do- |
| 10. | Modern Agro Chem. Inds. Ltd. | Alawapur | SSP | -do- |

(d) to (e) No new fertilizer plant has been established in the State of Punjab with Central assistance during the last three years.

**Sickness of Talchcr Fertilizer Plant in Orissa**

3666. SHRIMATI JAYANTI PATNAIK: Will the Minister of CHEMICALS AND FERTILIZERS be pleased to state:

(a) the reasons for sickness of the FCI fertilizer plant at Talcher in Orissa;

(b) whether any steps are being taken for its revival; and

(c) if so, the details thereof; and

(d) if not, the steps taken to provide suitable employment to the workers/staff and officers working there?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF CHEMICALS AND FERTILIZERS (SHRI SHEES RAM OLA): (a) The sickness of Talcher fertilizer plant of the Fertilizer Corporation of India Ltd. (FCI) was on account of continuous losses due to the following reasons;

(i) Low capacity utilisation related to technological and design deficiencies; and equipment unbalances;

(ii) attempts to adopt coal based technology for the first time in the country;

(iii) ageing of the plants leading to frequentequipment breakdowns;

(iv) power and coal shortages; and

( v) resource constraints.

(a) to (d) The revival package for FCI has been reformulated from the standpoint of funding by the Financial Institutions (FIs), based on the report of

in expert Group. The package envisages I a fresh investment of about Rs. 1153 crore (Capital cost—Rs. 718.56 crore and non-plan support—Rs. 434.47 crore) on revamp of Talchcr unit apart from other reliefs and concessions. The final decision on implementation of the reformulated revival package would depend upon the tic up of the funding arrangement and outcome of the proceedings pending before the Board for Industrial and Financial Reconstruction (BIFR), which is a quasi judicial authority.

**Assessment of Impact of Subsidy on Fertilizers**

3667. DR. D. VENKATESHWAR RAO: Will the Minister of CHEMICALS AND FERTILIZERS be pleased to state:

(a) whether the impact of the subsidy on fertilizers has been assessed;

(b) if so, the details thereof; and

(c) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF CHEMICALS AND FERTILIZERS (SHRI SHEES RAM OLA): (a) to (c) The subsidy on fertilizers has proved its worth by stimulating production and consumption of fertilizers contributing thereby to the development of agriculture in the country. During the period from 1980-81 to 1996-97, the consumption of fertilizers in terms of nutrients has gone up from 55.16 lakh tonnes in 1980-81 to 152.34 lakh tonnes (provisional) in 1996-97.

A High Powered Fertilizers Pricing Policy Review Committee under the Chairmanship of Prof. C.H. Hanumantha Rao has been set up recently to review the existing system of subsidization and suggest an alternative broad-based, scientific and transparent system.

**Hike in Prices of Consumer Items**

3668. SHRI SANJAY DALMIA: Will the Minister of CIVIL SUPPLIES, CONSUMER AFFAIRS AND PUBLIC DISTRIBUTION be pleased to state:

(a) whether the cost of various consumer items has registered a steep rise following the rise in the administrative prices of petrol and petroleum products; and

(b) if so, the details of the quidelincs issued in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND MINISTER OF FOOD AND MINISTER OF CIVIL SUPPLIES, CONSUMER AFFAIRS AND PUBLIC DISTRIBUTION (SHRI CHATURANAN MISHRA): (a) There was no steep increase in the prices of essential commodities following the hike in the petroleum products. The retail prices of 12 essential comodities at Delhi as on 2.7.1996, prior to the hike in petroleum prices, and as on 30.4.97 are given below:—

| Commodity | Delhi (Rs. Per kg.) | |
|---|---|---|
| | As on 2.7.96 | As on 30.4.97 |
| Rice | 11.00 | 12.00 |
| Wheat | 6.00 | 6.50 |
| Gram | 15.00 | 19.00 |
| Tur dal | 30.00 | 29.00 |
| Sugar | 15.50 | 15.00 |
| Groundnut Oil | 50.00 | 54.00 |
| Mustard Oil | 37.00 | 37.00 |
| Vanaspati | 42.00 | 39.50 |
| Tea (loose) | 76.00 | 85.00 |
| Potato | 7.00 | 4.00 |
| Onion | 6.00 | 6.00 |
| Salt (packed) | 5.00 | 6.00 |

(b) No guidelines were issued in this regard.